



Illness and Exclusion Policy

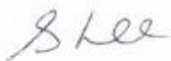
Condition / Illness	Time that your child may not attend Shofar from the onset of illness	Notes
Chicken Pox	5 days from the onset of the rash	Exclusion may be longer if spots have not healed or crusted over
Cold Sores/Herpes simplex	None	
Conjunctivitis	Return after green puss/ red eye has gone.	
COVID-19	If a child tests positive they need to isolate from the day they get symptoms or test positive, and for the next 10 days, UNLESS they have a negative lateral flow test on day 5 AND day 6, then they can attend nursery from day 6. If they are still showing as positive on day 5, they need a negative result on day 6 AND 7, and so on.	If a member of the child's household has tested positive, the Shofar child can continue attending nursery as long as they remain completely symptom free and have a negative lateral flow test every day for 7 days after each family member tests positive (day of symptoms or test is day 0). This must be reported on the NHS website, then please send the NHS result to headteacher@shofarsdaycarenursery.org.uk If you prefer not to lateral flow test your child, then they must remain at home for the full 10 days of each family member who tests positive.
Diarrhoea and/or vomiting	48hrs from the last bout of sickness or diarrhoea	A longer period may be appropriate for children under 5yrs. Usually there is no specific treatment or diagnosis.
Flu	Until recovered	
German Measles (Rubella)	5 days from the onset of the rash	Children are most infectious before the onset of the rash: most children are immune due to immunisation.
Hand Foot and Mouth	5 days from the onset of symptoms	If child still has blisters after this period, they may return to nursery.
Head lice	Until hair has been treated	Treatment only recommended in cases where live lice have definitely been seen. Treatment recommended for the whole family
Hepatitis A	5 days from the onset of jaundice or stools going pale	
Hepatitis B and C		More infectious than HIV
HIV/AIDS		HIV is not infectious through casual contact
Impetigo	Until lesions are crusted or healed	Antibiotic treatment required
Measles	5 days from the onset of the rash	Due to immunisation measles is now rare in the UK
Meningitis not due to Meningococcal infection	Once child is well and risk of infection is gone	
Meningococcal meningitis/septicaemia	Communicable Disease Control will advise	

Mumps	5 days from swollen glands	Child most infectious before diagnosis made, most children should be immune due to immunisation
Ringworm	Until the child has received treatment from GP	Treatment from your GP is important
Roseola	None	Usually a mild illness
Salmonella	Advice should be sought from Communicable Disease Control	
Scabies	Until treatment received	Child can return after treatment from GP, all people in household should be treated
Scarlett Fever	5 days after commencement of antibiotics	Treatment by GP is important
Slapped Cheek (Fifth disease/ Parvovirus)	None	Usually infectious before child becomes unwell
Thread Worms	None	Treatment recommended, transmission uncommon
Tonsillitis	None	Usually due to a virus, antibiotics not usually required. Antibiotics required for streptococcal
Tuberculosis	Communicable Disease Control will advise	
Whooping Cough	5 days from antibiotic treatment	Antibiotic treatment recommended, non-infectious coughing may continue for many weeks

Females – Pregnancy

Some infections, if caught by a pregnant woman, can pose a danger to the unborn child. You should contact your GP or ante natal carer to check your immunity if you come into contact with chicken pox, slapped cheek disease (parvovirus) or German Measles (Rubella)

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Sharon Lee
Head teacher of Shofar

Shofar Daycare Nursery Sternberg Centre, East End Road, N3 **Call us: 020 8346 3453**

admin@shofardaycarenursery.org.uk www.shofardaycarenursery.org.uk

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